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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:37:10 ON 13 APR 2004

=> file caplus wpids COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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FILE 'WPIDS' ENTERED AT 17:37:22 ON 13 APR 2004 COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 THOMSON DERWENT

=> s polyalkylene glycol ether

1059 POLYALKYLENE GLYCOL ETHER

=> s peroxygen bleach

L2 578 PEROXYGEN BLEACH

=> s 11 and 12

h

L3 0 L1 AND L2

eb

```
=> s peroxygen (p) bleach
           842 PEROXYGEN (P) BLEACH
=> s 11 and 14
             O L1 AND L4
L_5
=> s percarbonate or persilicate hydrogen peroxide or persulfate or perborate or peroxyacid o
         26365 PERCARBONATE OR PERSILICATE HYDROGEN PEROXIDE OR PERSULFATE OR
               PERBORATE OR PEROXYACID OR DIALKYLPEROXIDE
=> s 16 and 11
             4 L6 AND L1
L7
=> d 17 1-4 all
     ANSWER 1 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
           Citing
   Full
         References
ΑN
     1954:75145 CAPLUS
DN
     48:75145
OREF 48:13274d-g
     Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001
ED
TI
     Polymers from unsaturated compounds
ΙN
     Brown, Frank; Mitchell, Charles D.
PΑ
     Dunlop Rubber Co. Ltd.
DT
     Patent
     Unavailable
LA
CC
     31 (Synthetic Resins and Plastics)
FAN.CNT 1
                            DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                             DATE
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                                           _____
     GB 709710
                            19540602
                                           GB
PΙ
AB
     Low-boiling olefinic monomers, e.g. vinyl acetate (I), acrylonitrile, or
     Me acrylate, are emulsion polymerized at low concns. to give polymer
     dispersions of very small particle size. Such dispersions are optically
     clear at 10% polymer concns. and gel at 15%. The low concn. of monomer is
     obtained by keeping the b.p. of the polymerization medium above that of
     the monomer and by recirculating the recovered monomer. The aq.
     polymerization medium contains a dispersing agent (a polyalkylene
     glycol ether or sulfonated alc.), a stabilizing agent (methylcellulose
     or polyvinyl alc.), and a peroxide or persulfate catalyst, with or
     without a reducing agent. Thus, I 30 was slowly added to a mixt. of NH4
     persulfate 1.5, NaHCO3 2, gum acacia 15, H2O 275.5, and a nonionic
     emulsifier (prepd. by interaction of polyethylene glycol and 9-octadecenyl
     alc.) 6 parts at 100°. I which boiled off was condensed and
     returned to the reaction mass. The reaction was continued for about 20
     hrs., the steady-state rate of addn. of I being approx. 0.75 parts/min. A
     dispersion of high viscosity in which most of the particles were invisible
     at 1250 magnification was obtained. The polymer gave films of high water
     resistance, gloss, and transparency.
ΙT
     Films
        (from ethylenically unsatd. compd. polymers)
     Emulsifying agents
IT
        (in polymerization, of unsatd. compds., from 9-octadecenol and
        polyethylene glycol)
IT
     Polymerization
        (of unsatd. compds.)
     Unsaturated compounds
IT
        (polymers)
     96-33-3, Acrylic acid, methyl ester
IT
        (polymers of)
     79-10-7, Acrylic acid
ΙT
        (polymers of (including acrylic acid derivatives), abrasion-resistant)
```

eb c

h

g cg b

cg

eb

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IT 107-13-1, Acrylonitrile
(polymers of, for films)

IT 9003-20-7, Vinyl acetate, homopolymer
(prepn. of)

IT 25322-68-3, Polyethylene glycol
(reaction products with oleyl alc., as emulsifying agent in polymerization of unsatd. compds.)

IT 143-28-2, 9-Octadecen-1-ol, cis-
```

polymerization of unsatd. compds.)

L7 ANSWER 2 OF 4 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN

Text

AN 1984-074872 [12] WPIDS

DNN N1984-056292 DNC C1984-032298

TI Aqueous size for glass fibres - is emulsion of organic peroxide containing vinyl silane and lubricant.

(reaction products with polyethylene glycol, as emulsifying agent in

DC A87 E17 F06 L01 P73

IN TAMOSAUSKA, A E

PA (PITT) PPG IND INC

CYC 1

PI US 4435473 A 19840306 (198412)* 8p

ADT US 4435473 A US 1982-402501 19820728

PRAI US 1980-136645 19800402; US 1982-402501 19820728

IC B32B009-00; C08K003-40

AB US 4435473 A UPAB: 19930925

An ags. size for glass fibres comprises an ags. emulsion of 0.6-10 wt.% of a liquid water-insoluble organic peroxide of particle size 1.5 microns or less. The peroxide is a hydroperoxide, alpha-oxy or alpha-peroxy hydroperoxide, dialkyl peroxide, aldehyde or ketone peroxide, diacyl peroxide, peroxyester, **peroxyacid**, peroxydi- or mono-carbonate or perketal. The size also contains 0.2-10 wt.% of a vinyl-containing organic silane and 0.001-1 wt.% lubricant. The total solids content of the size is 1-25 wt.%.

The size is formed from an aqs. emulsion containing 1-60 wt.% of the peroxide and 1-15 wt.% of a blend of three nonionic emulsifiers having hydrophilic-lipophilic balance (HLB) values of 6-12, 9-15 and 12-20. The overall HLB of the emulsifier system is 9-20. All the emulsifiers are selected from polyalkylene glycol ethers, dialkylaryl polyether alcohols, polyoxypropylene polyoxyethylene condensates, phenoxy polyetheroxyethanols, polyethylene derivatives of fatty acids, sorbitol anhydride partial esters, ethoxylated alcohols, fatty acids, fatty esters, oils, alkyl phenols, glycerol esters, sucrose esters, monoglycerides, sorbitan derivatives, polyethoxy phenols, alkyl polyester alcohols and ethylene oxide alkylated phenol condensates.

The emulsion is stable to storage, shear, processing and dilution. The sized glass fibres are used for reinforcing polymers, e.g. polypropylene.

0/0

FS CPI GMPI

FA AB

MC CPI: A08-M01; A12-S08B; E10-A04; F01-H06; F03-D; L01-F03A

L7 ANSWER 3 OF 4 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN

Full Text

AN 1981-19356D [12] WPIDS

TI Organic peroxide aq. emulsion - for treating glass fibres for use in reinforced plastics.

DC A82 E19 F06 G02 P73

PA (PITT) PPG IND INC

CYC 10

PI BE 885002 A 19810302 (198112)*

h ebc g cg b cg

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DE 3031886
                   A 19811008 (198142)
     GB 2073046
                   A 19811014 (198142)
                   A 19811009 (198146)
     FR 2479801
     NL 8004056
                   A 19811102 (198148)
                   A 19811102 (198150)
     JP 56140048
     DE 3050632
                   A 19820916 (198238)
                   C 19830623 (198326)
     DE 3031886
                     19830705 (198329)
                   Α
     US 4391876
                   A 19840110 (198407)
     CA 1160208
                   A 19840327 (198415)
     US 4439558
                  В 19840426 (198417)
     GB 2073046
                   A 19841214 (198503)
     CH 646689
     DE 3050632
                   C 19850905 (198537)
                   B 19880514 (198823)
     JP 63023145
                   B 19880922 (199107)
       1194678
     DE 3031886 A <u>DE 1980-305</u>0632 19800823; GB 2073046 A <u>GB 19</u>80-30487
     19800922; <u>JP 56140048</u> A <u>JP 1980-107063</u> 19800804; <u>US 4391876</u> A US
     1982-349124 19820216
                      19800402; <u>US 1982-349124</u>
                                                  19820216; US 1982-402501
PRAI US 1980-136645
     19820728
     B01F017-00; B32B009-00; B32B017-10; C03C025-02; C07C178-00; C07C179-00;
     C08J005-08; C08K003-40; C08K007-14; C08K009-04; C08L023-00; C08L091-06;
     C09K003-00; D06M007-00; D06M013-10
     BE
           885002 A UPAB: 19930915
     Aq. emulsion of an organic peroxide which is liq. at 20 deg.C and
     insoluble or sparingly soluble in water contains particles of average size
     not greater than 1.5 mu and has improved stability and dilatability. It
     contains (a) 1-70 wt.% of organic peroxide, (b) 1-15 wt.% of a mixt. of
     three non-ionic emulsifiers, and (c) water.
          (a) is chosen from hydroperoxides, alpha-oxy and alpha-peroxy
     hydroperoxides, dialkyl peroxides, aldehyde- and ketone-peroxides, diacyl
     peroxides, peroxyesters, peroxyacids, peroxy dicarbonates,
     peroxycarbonates and perketals. (b) is chosen from polyethoxyphenols;
     alkylpolyether alcohols; condensation prods. of ethylene oxide and
     alkylated phenols; polyalkylene glycol ethers; alkylaryl polyether
     alcohols; polyoxypropylene-polyoxyethylene condensation prods.;
     phenoxypolyethoxyethanols; polyethylenic derivs. of fatty acids; partial
     esters of sorbitol anhydrides; ethoxylated alkylphenols; ethoxylated
     alcohols; fatty acids, oils and ethoxylated aliphatic esters; glycerol
     esters; glycol esters; monoglycerides and their derivs.; sorbitan derivs.;
     and saccharose esters and derivs. and their mixts.
          The amts. of emulsifiers are chosen to give an overall HLB for the
     system of 9-20. The prods. are useful for treating glass fibres used in
     reinforcing polymers, e.g. polyolefins and unsatd. polyesters.
     CPI GMPI
     AB
     CPI: A04-G01B; A05-D02B; A05-H01; A08-C05; A08-M01; A12-S08B; E10-A04;
          F01-H06; F03-D; G02-A05
     ANSWER 4 OF 4 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN
   Full
   Text
     1981-07799D [06]
                        WPIDS
     Aq. emulsion for coating glass fibres - comprises solid organic
     water-insoluble peroxide, hydrocarbon solvent and mixt. of nonionic
     emulsifiers.
     A60 A87 E14 E17 F06 L01
     (PITT) PPG IND INC
CYC 9
```

eb

A 19810119 (198106) *

A 19811008 (198142)

A 19811014 (198142) A 19811009 (198146)

A 19811102 (198148)

ADT

IC

ΑB

FS

FΑ

MC

L7

ΑN

TΙ

DC

PΑ

PΙ

h

BE 884389

DE 3031899 GB 2073047

FR 2479800 NL 8004055

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A 19811102 (198150)
JP 56140047
DE 3050633
             A 19820916 (198238)
GB 2073047
             B 19840426 (198417)
CA 1176773
             A 19841023 (198447)
CH 646688
             A 19841214 (198503)
             C 19850718 (198530)
DE 3031899
DE 3050633
             C 19850905 (198537)
             В 19860702 (198750)
  1132398
IT
             B 19910807 (199135)
JP 03051664
```

ADT DE 3031899 A DE 1980-3031899 19800823; GB 2073047 A GB 1980-30488 19800922; DE 3050633 A DE 1980-3050633 19800823; JP 03051664 B JP 1980-107062 19800804

PRAI US 1980-136644 19800402; US 1982-364713 19820402

IC B01F017-00; C03C025-02; C07C178-00; C07C179-00; C08J005-08; C08K005-14; C08K009-04; C08L023-10; C09D003-74; C09K003-00; D06M007-00

AB BE 884389 A UPAB: 19930915

An aq. emulsion comprises (a) 1-70 (wt.)% of a solid organic peroxide which is water insoluble or has limited solubility in water, (b) 1-70% of a hydrocarbon solvent of butanolbauri index (BKI) 10-60 when the peroxide is aliphatic or 40-100 when the peroxide is aromatic, (c) 1-15% of an emulsifier system comprising 3 non-ionic emulsifiers of HLB values 12-20, 6-12 and 9-15 resp. and (d) at least 45% water.

The peroxide is specifically a hydroperoxide, an alpha-oxy or alpha-peroxy hydroperoxide, a dialkyl peroxide, an aldehyde or ketone peroxide, a diacyl peroxide, a peroxy ester a peroxy acid, a peroxydicarbonate, a monoperoxycarbonate or a peracetal.

The emulsifiers comprise polyalkylene glycol ethers, alkylaryl polyether alcohols, polyoxypropylene-polyoxyethylene condensn., prods., phenoxypolyethoxyethanols, ethoxylated alcohols, oils aliphatic esters, ethoxylated fatty acids, glycol esters, monoglycerides and their derivs., sorbitan derivs. and saccharose derivs. Amts. of emulsifiers are such that the system has an HLB value of 9-20.

FS CPI

FA AB

MC CPI: A08-M01; A08-R04; A12-B05; E06-A02; E07-A02; E07-A04; E10-A04; E10-E04G; E10-E04K; E10-E04M; F01-H06; F03-D; L01-F03A